

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia. It is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony. J. DUNN, in Victoria, and T. B. BOW, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864.

THE "CHRONICLE" AND THE BUTE ROUTE.

Had we not long since ceased to be surprised at anything which might appear in the *Victoria Chronicle* the leading article in its issue of Friday would have both surprised and shocked us. The article which has proved so unpalatable to our bilious contemporaries, as was stated in the commencement of it, would never have been written had it not been provoked by a grossly false paragraph which appeared in a *Victoria* paper. As to the truthfulness of the statements contained in the article, we have only to say that we wrote upon information obtained from practical Engineers, and who now assure us that so far from exaggerating we were really under the mark. If the trail is a good one why did Mr. Waddington positively refuse to allow his mules, or even one of them, to accompany the expedition beyond the Ferry? If the route is a practicable one how does it come that McDonald and his party were sent a circuit of several hundred miles round by Bentinck in order to commence operations on the upper portion of the trail? The attempt of our contemporary to make the discussion of the merits of the Bute route a personal question with Mr. Waddington is worthy of him and his cause. The simple circumstance that a respectable old man happens to have become a monomaniac upon the subject cannot be permitted to stand in the way of the free discussion of a Colonial question. We are charged with cruelty towards Mr. Waddington. We hurl back the charge in the teeth of our contemporary, who has heartlessly encouraged the poor old man to pursue a phantom to his utter ruin, and all under the cloak of friendship. Mr. Waddington's worst enemies are those who hounded him on in a scheme which they knew nothing about and cared less if they only succeeded by the agitation of it in distracting and unsettling public mind respecting this place. Had he listened to our warning and advice, instead of greedily swallowing all that false friends offered to his disordered appetite, it would have been well for him.

That portion of the article in the *Chronicle* which represents the people of New Westminster as chuckling over the Bute massacre, because, by injuring that route, it tends to enhance the value of their town lots, must be the offspring of a mind low indeed in the scale of humanity—a condition to be more loathed than commiserated. The fact that, a few hours after the news of the massacre had reached our town, the Fire Company, the Rifle Corps and a large number of private individuals had placed their services at the disposal of His Excellency—were eager to leave, many of them, their wives, families and business to go and avenge the death of Victorians who had been murdered at Bute Inlet, gives the lie to one of the most foul and wanton slanders which was ever cast upon any community. The people here could not have acted with more enthusiastic good feeling had each lost a brother in the massacre; they did not wait to ask to what nation or Colony or town they belonged, much less did the sordid idea of the rise of property enter into their minds. And yet, in the face of this disinterested enthusiasm on the part of the people of New Westminster to avenge the death of a few Victorians, engaged in constructing a rival route, the writer of the article in question has the unmanly, heartless, and base slander, and that from the most sordid of considerations. Shame upon the man who conceived the base slander, and shame on the paper which became the medium of its promulgation. We beg, in conclusion, to inform the Editor of the *Chronicle* that he need give himself no further anxiety respecting the merits and fate of the Bute Inlet route. We have now a Governor who will examine that and every other work for himself and act accordingly; nor will he be bamboozled by newspaper declamation.

Letter from the Interior.

From Mr. Ladner, who has just arrived from the Mouth of Quesnelle, we learn that Mr. McLean and Mr. Ogilvie had arrived at Alexandria with arms and ammunition for the expedition against the Indian murderers, and were waiting the arrival of Commissioner Cox, who was hourly expected—not recruiting men at Soda Creek as is erroneously stated in the *Chronicle*. Mr. Cox had probably been detained on account of the *Enterprise* having been laid up for repairs. She was receiving a new shaft and wheel, and was expected to resume her regular trips on Thursday, so far improved as to make quicker time and carry nearly double the freight. Mr. McLean had not been idle while waiting at the Fort. His enquiries had resulted in confirmation of the reported murder of Manning and his party. Mr. McLean, who is acquainted with the Chillicothe, and, in fact, most of the Indians in the interior, says that the man Tellet is the head of a small band who have in a measure become detached from the main tribe and who only occa-

sionally visit them. His policy is to secure the head men of the tribe and hold them as hostages for the surrender of the murderers.

On account of the excessive drought, crops were not looking well, and with the exception of places where irrigation is practicable are likely to prove a failure. The grass from the 100 mile post presents a parched appearance, while the woods are on fire in almost every direction. Cook's Ferry is again in good working order, and capable of crossing trains and loaded wagons without difficulty. Mr. Spence is progressing rapidly with the widening of the road and is said to be making an excellent job of it. Surveyor-General Trutch and Captain Holmes had reached the 93 mile post and were hurrying on, seemingly eager to get to work.

We are without later advices from the Cariboo country. Mr. Barnard's Express not having arrived. The temporary interruption to navigation on the Upper Fraser is presumed to have delayed the Express.

The Expedition to Bentinck Arm.

The *Tribune* will sail to-morrow for Bentinck Arm, via Esquimalt, with 40 volunteers from here and a party of marines, for the purpose of co-operating with the expedition from the interior under Commissioner Cox. The 40 volunteers will be carefully selected from the whole number who have made application, not by any means because the balance are deemed unfit for the service, but because a party of 40 is considered adequate for the occasion. The Hon. C. Brew has been appointed to take charge of this expedition. The steamer *Reliance* goes up to Yale this morning in order to bring down the requisite pack animals for the expedition, which are being supplied by Mr. Ladner. The steamer may be expected back about noon to-morrow.

CLEARING VESSELS AT VICTORIA.—An officer from the Customs Department will proceed to Victoria to-day for the purpose of clearing the H. B. C. steamer *Labouchere* for the north-west coast of this Colony, and as there are some erroneous rumours in circulation respecting the matter, we may state that in clearing that steamer His Excellency the Governor gives it distinctly to be understood that thereafter nothing of the kind will be done—that the law, as it stands, must be enforced. His Excellency has felt, and we must confess, not without a show of reason, that it would have been fair to those engaged in the coast trade had two or three months' notice of the change in the Customs regulations been given before the law came into operation. That notice was not given, and hence the leniency shown in these cases. Now, however, that the law is thoroughly understood there will be no hardship, and, consequently, no relaxation of the law.

THE BIGGEST YET.—Her Majesty's ship-of-war *Tribune* steamed into our harbour on Monday evening. The *Tribune* draws 19 feet 11 inches and although the water was three feet below high-tide when she passed the Sand Heads no difficulty whatever was experienced in bringing her in, notwithstanding the circumstance of several of the buoys having disappeared. This is the largest ship that has ever been in these waters, and to Mr. John Titcomb is due the honor of piloting her in, if, indeed, there is any special honor to be attached to accomplishing that which is perfectly practicable and simple. Will our *Victoria* contemporaries please notice this?

THE ALEXANDRA.—This splendid new steamer, owned and commanded by Capt. Moore, arrived here on Saturday and returned on Monday evening. The trip was purely a trial one and, we understand, proved satisfactory. The *Alexandra* is the largest river steamer afloat upon these waters and is constructed upon a new principle. According to advertisement she may be expected up to-day en route to Douglas and Yale.

CANADA.—Our Canadian files are to the 20th April. Cartier, McGee, John A. Macdonald, A. T. Galt, and Mr. Simpson, of Niagara, had been returned without opposition, while Buchanan, Cockburn, Foley and Campbell were likely to meet a strong opposition. Although five ministers were unopposed, the Ministry is considered as anything but safe, and a general election is looked forward to as not far distant.

STRAWBERRIES.—We have to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of baskets of this delicious fruit from several kind friends during the past few days, but those sent by the Messrs. Grelley, of the Colonial Hotel, on Saturday, exceeded in size and delicacy of flavor anything of the kind we have seen in the Colony. In fact we can truthfully say we have never seen them surpassed, even in California. They were the product of this Colony.

THE BISHOP OF COLUMBIA A TETOTLER.—At a late meeting of the Irish Temperance League it was stated that in England the temperance cause was rapidly prospering. "Of Established Church ministers there were 600 enrolled as total abstinents, and the latest accessions were the Bishop of Columbia and Rev. Mr. Russell, brother to the Secretary of State." (Applause.)

THE MAIL CONTRACT for this Colony has been awarded to Mr. Dietz, Mr. Nelson and Mr. Barnard for the sum of £5000. The high position all three have attained in this Colony as honest, enterprising and active business men is a sufficient guarantee for the faithful performance of the service.

GOVERNOR SEYMOUR'S STEAM YACHT.—The little screw steamer *Leviathan*, which has been purchased by His Excellency Governor Seymour as a pleasure yacht, arrived on Monday evening, and now lies at the Camp.

RAIN AT LAST.—Never was rain more needed or more welcome. We had a smart shower on Sunday night, and it has continued showery ever since.

THE VICTORIA EXPLORING EXPEDITION.—We learn from the *Victoria* papers that this expedition was to start yesterday by the *Grappler*, which was to convey them to Cowichan. It is also announced that Dr. Robert Brown has been appointed by the Governor to take charge of the expedition.

THE WATER RISING AGAIN.—We learn from Capt. Fleming that the water rose 12 inches at the Mouth of Harrison in the course of Monday. It is now higher than at any previous period of this season.

THE AMERICAN WAR.—The news before us is to the 1st inst. It would appear that the Federal Army is gradually closing in upon the Southern forces. On the 30th ult., a portion of Grant's forces reached Mechanicsville within 4 miles of the Confederate capital.

A RIGHT ROYAL FISH.—On our way up to the Camp on Monday last we observed an Indian land a sturgeon, which, upon being measured, proved to be exactly eleven feet in length.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS for week ending Saturday May 4th, 1864: Duties, £806 1 8; harbor dues, £13 16 6; headmoney, £13 8 0; tonnage dues, £129 6 6; inland navigation license, £10 0 0. Total, £972 13 8. Number of passengers entering at this port during same period, 67.

Educational Matters in Yale.

A public meeting was convened in the Court House, Yale, on the evening of the 1st inst., by E. H. Sanders, Esq., the resident Magistrate, in response to a numerous signed requisition—"for the purpose of considering the best means of promoting the educational interests of the town."

At the meeting in question the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, Mr. Sanders in the chair, and Mr. A. Barlow acting as Secretary:—

Whereas it is highly desirable that there should be a suitable building erected in this town to be used as a public school house and also that there should exist for the benefit of the children of this community a well conducted, efficient and non-sectarian common school; and whereas there is not as yet any School Law in the Colony to regulate the formation and working of public schools, it is hereby Resolved, That this meeting do now proceed to elect Meyer Oppenheimer, William Charles, F. J. Barnard and Roger Gilbride, Trustees who shall be and are hereby empowered for and on behalf of the community of Yale: (1) To hold in trust all lands, tenements, furniture and other property belonging to the school to be established and to use them in such manner, and for such purposes only, as shall be required by the deeds or conveyances executed concerning the same or, in the absence of any such restrictions, generally, for the benefit of the said school.

(2) To receive and have control of all money or other grants made by the Government or contributed by the public or arising from tuition fees or other income of said school, and to expend the same under such restrictions as may be imposed by the Government and in conformity with the expressed intentions of the donors or contributors.

(3) To make rules for the Government and efficient working of said school, provided always that no rule or order shall in any case be made which would have the effect of introducing into the said school religious teaching of a denominational or sectarian character, and that all rules made by them and affecting the course or mode of instruction in said school be referred to the Local Superintendent for his approval.

(4) To employ the most suitable person whom it shall be in their power to procure, as teacher for said school, whose salary shall be paid by them out of funds placed in their hands for that purpose, and to dismiss such teacher whenever it may be deemed necessary, giving, however, if required, 15 days notice of their intention to do so.

(5) To do such other deeds and make such other arrangements as may in their judgment be required for the proper and efficient carrying out of the intentions of this meeting. (6) To deliver up at the expiration of their term of office into the hands of their successors all property, funds, books and papers belonging to said school or to the Board of which they are respectively members.

Resolved, 2. That the accompanying petition be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor, signed by the Chairman and Secretary of the present meeting for and on behalf of the meeting.

Resolved, 3. That a deputation consisting of Rev. E. Robinson and Messrs. Bailey, Wells, Barlow and Gilbride, be appointed to wait upon the inhabitants of the town to solicit and receive subscriptions for the purpose of erecting a school house, such subscriptions to be handed over to the Board of Trustees or their Treasurer to be used as aforesaid.

Resolved, 4. That in view of the absence of a public building suitable for lectures and other public meetings the members of this community be earnestly requested to contribute such an amount as will enable the trustees to erect a school house of sufficient dimensions to answer the above purposes.

Resolved, 5. That the successors of the trustees now in office shall be elected by a public meeting to be held on the first Wednesday of each year.

Resolved, 6. That the members of Trust Board and all resident ministers of religion shall be visitors of said school.

Resolved, 7. That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor in company with the petition above referred to for his approval or otherwise.

Resolved, 8. That E. H. Sanders, Esq., J. P.

is hereby recommended to His Excellency the Governor as a suitable person for the office of Local Superintendent of Education.

Resolved, 9. That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the *BRITISH COLUMBIAN* newspaper for publication.

After the passing of the above resolutions, votes of thanks were awarded to the Chairman and Secretary and the meeting adjourned.

The following is a copy of the petition referred to in resolution 2nd, which has been forwarded to His Excellency the Governor, and it is earnestly to be hoped that he will feel himself at liberty to grant the prayers it contains, as doing so would confer a very great boon upon our town which has as yet not received one cent of Government aid for educational purposes. The charges have consequently been so high that it has been impossible for some parents to send their children to school while those who have done so have felt the burden to be too great for them to bear:

To His Excellency Frederick Seymour, Governor of British Columbia, &c., &c., &c.

The petition of the inhabitants of the Town of Yale, in the said Colony, Humbly Sheweth:

1. That there are in Yale 26 children (besides Indians) of suitable age to attend school.

2. That the want of a properly constituted and permanent school for the education of these children has been seriously felt by the community, especially their parents.

3. That, on account of the sparsity of the population and the great expense of employing teachers in this locality, it is practically impossible for your petitioners to bear unaided the whole cost of providing suitable location, edifice, furniture and teacher for the establishment and efficient working of a good school.

Therefore your petitioners humbly request that your Excellency will be pleased, (1) To set apart lots 15 and 16, in block XVII, in the Town of Yale, as a school reserve, to be held in trust by the board appointed in resolution 1st, accompanying this petition, and their successors, and to be used as a site for a school house, which shall be erected thereon by your petitioners. (2) To grant, from the amount set apart for educational purposes in this Colony for the current year, the sum of £150 to aid in furnishing said school house, and in paying the salary of a competent teacher. (3) To appoint a suitable person resident in this town to be Local Superintendent of Education for the District of Yale, whose duty it shall be to hold the usual periodical examinations of any public schools in the district, and ascertain the progress made by the scholars and the efficiency of the mode of teaching employed, and to whom all matters regarding the course of studies or mode of instruction to be adopted shall be referred by the Board of Trustees. And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

(Signed) E. H. SANDERS, Chairman, A. BARLOW, Secretary. For and on behalf of the public meeting and inhabitants of Yale, B. C., May 17th, 1864.

Municipal Council.

Town Hall, June 6th, 1864. Members present:—The President, and Councillors Manson, Clarkson, Armstrong, Calder and Robson.

Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed.

Several accounts were read and referred to the Committee of Finance.

On motion of Coun. Armstrong, seconded by Coun. Robson, Mr. Evans was appointed pound-keeper for the unexpired portion of the current Municipal year.

Moved by Coun. Clarkson, seconded by Coun. Calder and Resolved, That the City Surveyor be directed to stake off the corners of streets that are under contract for clearing.

After a desultory discussion upon various topics the Council adjourned.

New Advertisements.

THE ORIGINAL PIONEER GOVERNMENT BAKERY
Lytton Square, New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having taken over the above business from Mr. P. Hick, hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of public patronage.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.
New Westminster, Dec. 4, 1863. W. HARVEY. de5-10*

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS! FRUIT TREES

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBBERY!

THE SUBSCRIBER has made arrangements for keeping on hand a full and varied assortment of all kinds of Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees of every description, Currant Bushes of all kinds, Rose Bushes, Grape Vines, Honey Suckle and other running Vines, Garden Seeds of every variety, Rhubarb and Flower Roots, and, in fact, everything in the horticultural line. The season's stock will be open for inspection on or about the 20th inst.

The subscriber, being a professional Gardener, will keep nothing which he cannot recommend, and will at all times be happy to afford his customers any information or directions respecting the planting of seeds, treatment of plants, &c.

REMEMBER the stand is nearly opposite Mr. Holbrook's store.
New Westminster, Feb. 9, 1864. ROBERT HALL. fe10-10

New Boot and Shoe Shop
HART STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY.

Boots and Shoes made and repaired.
New Westminster Feb. 1861. W. WOODMAN. fe12-1m

New Advertisements.

BONSON & RICHARDS, CARPENTERS, JOINERS

CABINET MAKERS

HARLEY STREET, NEAR THE CUSTOM HOUSE, New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully beg to announce that they are now prepared to execute orders in any branch of the above trades, on the most reasonable terms.

ESTIMATES, PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS made for every description of buildings.

Orders left at the Workshop will receive prompt attention.
de19-1m BONSON & RICHARDS.

LADIES' SCHOOL

MRS. MORESBY is prepared to receive a few Young Ladies as boarders. Parents entrusting their children to her care may be assured that they will enjoy all the comforts of a home. Boys under eight years of age received.

TERMS:—\$30 a month, payable in advance, which will include the usual routine of an English Education, Writing and Arithmetic.

French, Music, and other accomplishments extra.

REFERENCES: The Ven. The Archdeacon of Columbia, and Rev. J. Shephard.

LILLOOET.—The Rev. H. C. Brown.

HOPK.—The Rev. A. C. Pringle.

YALE.—The Rev. H. Reeve, and E. H. Sanders, Esq., Resident Magistrate.

New Westminster, Feb. 26, 1864. fe27-1y

JOHN MURRAY

BEGS LEAVE to call the attention of his friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK

—OF—

FAMILY GROCERIES

which he has just opened, and which he is prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

FOR CASH.

JOHN MURRAY,

oc17-1c Columbia Street, New Westminster.

THE

BRITISH COLUMBIA

MILL COMPANY,

[LIMITED.]

New Westminster,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the Public that they are now prepared to furnish all descriptions of

FIR, CEDAR & SPRUCE

LUMBER,

BOTH ROUGH & DRESSED.

ALSO,

Tongued and Grooved Flooring,

IN ANY QUANTITIES.

From the superior character of the Mill just now completed, and from the facilities which they possess for shipping Lumber—there being sufficient depth of water at the Mill to float vessels of the largest size—they flatter themselves that they will be able to afford as great inducements to Lumber Dealers, and others, as any Mill on the Pacific Coast.

Bills of Lumber, of any dimensions, cut on the shortest notice.

Orders from Shippers or from the Interior are solicited, and will receive prompt and careful attention.

Office:—At J. A. Webster's Store, Columbia St.

J. A. WEBSTER & CO.
New Westminster, October 27, 1863. oc28-1c

J. C. WHITE,

ARCHITECT AND DRAUGHTSMAN!

IS NOW PREPARED TO DRAW UP PLANS OF

Buildings, Specifications, Estimates, &c., on the SHORTEST NOTICE.

Orders to be left at Mr. Holbrook's Store, Columbia Street, New Westminster. no17-1c

To Hotel Keepers!

A GOOD BUSINESS TO BE DISPOSED OF.

MESSRS. SMITH & BRIDGMAN offer their present business, known as "Hick's Hotel," consisting of a good Bar retail liquor business, together with the Boarding and Lodging House. Parties desirous of entering such business will be treated with liberality by application to

mb16-1c GEO. HOOPER, Auctioneer.

Mrs. KIRKWOOD,

DRESS MAKER,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

Spalding Street, New Westminster, B. C.

The latest Ladies' Fashions from Paris

on hand, on inspection of which is respectfully invited

ma16-1m

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,
and sent by Express

To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a Prompt and Work-
man-like manner.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864.

Victoria—Its Harbor and History.

The following description of Victoria harbor and account of the accidental rise of that town is translated from *L'Echo Du Pacifique*, a French paper published in San Francisco, being an extract from a Victoria correspondence dated May last—

"The entrance to this port is narrow, crooked and shallow. There is a sand bank situated on the right and a submarine reef on the left. The channel is so tortuous and so narrow that it is hardly possible to find a straight line in the channel the length of an ordinary vessel.

Its greatest depth at high water is 16 feet. The bottom of the harbor is covered with rocks, and the medium depth of water does not exceed 18 feet.

The south side only used to be tolerably sheltered, but now even it is not protected on account of the trees being cut down which adorned the promontory between the harbor and the strait. There cannot be found in the whole harbor a place to establish a quay and a wharf upon.

In the actual condition of Victoria it is necessary to make the greatest efforts and expend fabulous sums to reap benefit; to shelter it, to remove the sand bank and to raise the submarine rocks. The size of the harbor at low water is extremely limited. Nowhere around can a favorable spot be found for the establishment of a patient slip, ways, quay or commodious wharf.

The goods destined for British Columbia are at first landed at Esquimalt, re-shipped for Victoria and stored there to be reloaded for British Columbia. It is a sad state of affairs and it doubles the expense of transport from Esquimalt to the Fraser River.

It is to be desired that the administration hasten to find a remedy for this evil. It is said that a line of steamers are to be built to run direct between Esquimalt and Fort Yale on the Fraser. Having established the merits of the two ports it is now the business of the underwriters to take their precautions and to specify exactly for which harbor they act. It remains only to say a word more. Why is it that they have exactly chosen the most disadvantageous place to construct the more important town? Nothing more simple.

It was not until 1841 that the two ports began to be known. About this time a Factor of the Hudson Bay Company, in search of a situation whereon to build a fort, landed at Clover Point and arrived by land at the end of the slough (bay, a natural canal) now called Victoria. He made choice of this place for the construction of a fort.

In 1858, when the news of the discovery of gold on the banks of the Fraser attracted the people of California, they naturally went where there was already the first settlement of the population. The store of the Hudson Bay Co. thus became the point about which the miners, merchants and speculators gathered. At the same time the interest of the company was to have under their hand this adventurous population by whom they were so much benefited. Possessors already of the principal lands of Victoria, the agents of the company hastened to put up for sale the town lots bordering on their property. The speculation there was very successful and it is thus to one consideration and another that Victoria obtained the supremacy over Esquimalt."

VOLTAIRE'S TOMB AND HEART.—The Paris *Figaro* states that a rumour, for some time past in circulation, to the effect that the remains of Voltaire are no longer at the Pantheon, has now been confirmed. The tomb is empty, and nothing is known as to what has become of its contents. This discovery was made, it declares, through the following incident:—"The heart of Voltaire, as is generally known, was left by will to the Villette family, and had been deposited in their chateau; the present Marquis de Villette, a descendant of Voltaire, having resolved to sell the estate, offered the celebrated relic of the Emperor; it was accepted by the Minister of the Interior in the name of His Majesty, and the question then arose as to what should be done with it; the most natural idea was to place it with the body in the tomb at the Pantheon, but a scruple arose; the Pantheon had again become a place of Christian worship, and the tomb of Voltaire was still in the vaults, the reason was rather from a consideration that what was done could not be undone than from any other; at all events, no fresh ceremony relative to Voltaire could take place in that building without the authorization of the Archbishop of Paris; Mgr. Darboy, on being consulted, before making a reply first hinted that there was a belief that since 1814, the Pantheon possessed nothing belonging to Voltaire but an empty tomb. In consequence, it was determined to verify the truth of the report. A few days back the stone was raised, and, as the Archbishop has stated, the tomb was found to be empty! A strict inquiry into the subject has been ordered, and the Emperor has given instructions that the heart shall be enclosed in a silver vase, and deposited either in the great hall of the Imperial Library, or at the Institute of France." What have the priests done with "the body?" What good can "the eldest son of the church" do by enshrining in silver "the heart" of the witliest and shallowest of French infidels.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

New Advertisements.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

AGENT FOR

FELL & CO'S GROUND COFFEE and Spices.

THESE SPICES are genuine, and, consequently, much stronger than others imported from Eastern markets. I have always a large stock on hand, and will sell at the lowest rates in quantities to suit the Trade. All orders from the interior will receive prompt attention.

W. J. ARMSTRONG, mytic

New Westminster, May 5, 1864.

BANK

BRITISH COLUMBIA

NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY.

THE BRANCH at New Westminster is now opened and prepared to receive Current Accounts and Deposits at fixed periods, bearing Interest. Gold Bars purchased and American Coin given for the same.

Advances made on Assay Certificates, and the balance paid in Victoria ten days from date of deposit. Merchants and Traders by this arrangement can have the benefit of the Government Assay Office, and at the same time save all detention.

Gold Dust received on Consignment, and proceeds applied as advised.

ADVANCES made on GOODS IN BOND, and DUTIES paid on same.

Drafts granted on Victoria, San Francisco & London.

JAS. D. WALKER, Manager.

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Opinions of the London Press upon Benson's Great Clock and Watches in the Exhibition, 1862.

"As a sample of English clock-work on a large scale, the works of this are probably the finest finished that have ever been seen in this country. No Chronometer could be fitted with more perfect work than these."—*Standard*, June 17, 1862.

"Some of them are of great beauty; and if the English watch-trade only follow up with the same spirit and success this first attempt to compete with foreigners in decorative watches, there seems to be no reason why we should not get the trade entirely into our own hands."—*Times*, June 23, 1862.

"Ranged around the base of the clock were the Watches which Mr. Benson exhibited, and which have been universally admired for the beauty and elegance of the designs engraved upon them. The movements are of the finest quality which the art of horology is at present capable of producing. The clock and watches were objects of great attraction, and well repaid the trouble of an inspection."—*Illustrated London News*, November 8, 1862.

Watches, adapted for every class, climate and country, wholesale and retail. Chronometer, Duplex, Lever, Horizontal, Vertical, Repeating, Centre Seconds, Keyless, Astronomical, Reversible and Chronograph, from 200 guineas to 3 guineas each.

Clocks.—Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Library, Hall, Staircase, Bracket, Carriage, Chimney, Musical, Astronomical, Church, Turret, Stable, Railway, Post-office, Shop, Warehouse, Office or Counting-house, from 1,000 guineas to £1 1s. each.

BENSON'S LONDON MADE WATCHES.	GOLD CASES.		SILVER CASES.	
	Open Face.	Hunters.	Open Face.	Hunters.
Patent Lever, jewelled.....	2 1/2	2 1/4	2 1/2	2 1/4
Do. do. 4 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 6 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 8 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 10 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 12 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 14 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 16 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 18 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 20 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 22 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 24 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 26 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 28 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 30 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 32 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 34 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 36 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 38 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 40 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 42 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 44 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 46 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 48 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 50 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 52 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 54 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 56 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 58 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 60 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 62 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 64 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 66 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 68 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 70 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 72 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 74 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 76 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 78 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 80 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 82 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 84 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 86 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 88 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 90 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 92 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 94 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 96 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 98 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4
Do. do. 100 jewels.....	1 1/2	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 1/4

BENSON'S INDIAN WATCH.—A first-class London-made Lever, Compensation-balance, adjusted for hot climates: Silver Cases, Open Face, £11 11s. Hunters, £12 12s. Gold Cases, Open Face, £25 0s. Hunters, £30 0s.

FOREIGN WATCHES WARRANTED.—Silver Cases, at £3 3s., £4 4s., £5 5s., £6 6s. each.

Ditto—Gold Cases, £5 5s., £7 7s., £9 9s., £12 12s.

Benson's Illustrated Watch Pamphlet will be sent Post free for Six Stamps, contains a short history of Watchmaking, with description and prices of every kind of Watch now made, and from which merchants and others can select and have their orders sent safe by post to India, the Colonies, or any part of the world.

Post-office Orders, Bankers' Drafts, or Bills upon London Houses must be made payable and addressed to

JAMES W. BENSON,

WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTURER,

33 & 34, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1704.

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER,

New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

New Advertisements.

THE SUFFERER'S BEST FRIEND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

All Disorders affecting the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

These Pills can be confidently recommended as the most simple and certain remedy for indigestion, flatulency, acidity, heartburn, colic, constipation, and all the many maladies resulting from disordered stomach or bowels. In all diseases it is of primary importance to set the stomach right. These Pills are purifiers, alteratives, and strengtheners of the stomach. They may be taken under any circumstances. Though powerfully tonic, and satisfactorily aperient, they are mild in their operation, and beneficial to the whole system.

Weakness and Debility, Nervous Irritability.

The wholesome effect exercised by these admirable Pills over the blood and fluids generally is like a charm in dispelling low spirits, and restoring cheerfulness. Their general aperient qualities well fit them for a domestic medicine, particularly for females of all ages and periods of life. They never betray any disagreeable irritating qualities; they quickly eject all impurities from the system, and regulate every function of the body, giving wonderful tone and energy to weak and debilitated persons; while they brace and strengthen the nervous system in a most extraordinary manner.

To Regain Health, Strength and Vigour.

Whenever persons find themselves in that state termed a "little out of health," and there are so many causes at work to shorten life, it is necessary that Holloway's Pills, the finest purifier of the blood ever known, should be at once taken, as they not only rid both solids and fluids of all morbid matters, but regulate all disordered actions, and strengthen the frame in a most extraordinary manner.

Old Coughs, Colds and Asthmatical Affections.

These Pills, assisted in their action by rubbing Holloway's Ointment very effectively twice a day upon the throat and chest, and keeping those parts covered with the preparation, will be found the most effectual remedy for asthma, coughs, colds, bronchitis, and influenza. These remedies tranquilize the hurried breathing, soothe the irritated air-tubes, and assist in dislodging the phlegm which stops up the air-passages. This treatment has proved wonderfully efficient in not only curing old settled colds, but asthma of many years standing, and even when patients who were in so bad a state as not to be able to lie down on their beds, lest they be choked with phlegm.

Derangement and Distention of the Bowels, Flatulency, Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

Any symptoms of the above complaints should be immediately met by appropriate doses of these Pills, according to the printed directions: delay may be followed by disastrous consequences. These Pills are a certain remedy for all the ailments of the alimentary canal, they secure the thorough digestion of the food, and act most kindly on the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys. As a household medicine they are unrivalled, and should always be at hand.

Very Important, of Costiveness Beware.

Rarely but little notice is taken of costiveness, yet, at certain periods, it is a sure sign that danger is near. All who are seized with apoplexy and paralysis, have previously suffered from costiveness. In the former case the blood flies to the head, a small vein is ruptured on the brain, and we know the rest. Let wives counsel their husbands, and husbands their wives, never to go to bed a second night, if the bowels have not been properly moved during the day, particularly if they feel heavy and drowsy. A few gentle doses of these fine Pills will regulate the circulation of the blood, and all dangerous symptoms.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Favours of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Sore Throats
Blotches on the skin	Gout	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Head-ache	Secondary Symp-toms
Colic	Indigestion	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the Bowels	Inflammation	Tumours
Consumption	Jaundice	Ulcers
Debility	Liver Com-plaints	Venereal Affections
Dropsy	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Dysentery	Piles	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1ld., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

—AND—

LOUIS HAUTIER'S HOTEL.

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent Liquors and Cigars kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.

Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices.

Lytton City, November 10, 1862.

BOSTON BAR HOTEL,

BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, &c. Prices very low.

JOLIEUR & CO.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861.

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

FOR THE

MILLION!

Posters,

Circulars,

Bill-Heads,

Business Cards,

Steamboat Tickets,

Programmes,

Way-Bills,

Pamphlets,

Labels,

—AND—

Printed Forms

of every description, executed in a manner that

WILL DEFY COMPETITION!

Every Business Man should use printed Bill-heads, as they not only save time, but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

Every Keeper of Public House should have printed Cards for distribution amongst the Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, and in Hotels, &c.

Every Steamboat Owner, Merchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

'BRITISH COLUMBIAN,'

LYTTON SQUARE,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

WHERE

ENTIRE SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to

THE PRINTING PLANT

of the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, he is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description

—OF—

Plain and Ornamental

JOB PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON.

New Westminster, B. C., May, 1864.

New Advertisements.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this ointment is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferer themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; and most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm & other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach, consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will be readily improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should not be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsey, Mumps & all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat; this course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.